Guidelines for the Management of QTc Prolongation in Adults Prescribed Antipsychotics

When to do an ECG:

- History of CVD, family history of CVD
- Where clinical examination reveals irregular pulse
- If patient taking certain medicines which are known to cause ECG abnormalities (e.g. erythromycin, fluconazole, tricyclic anti-depressants, methadone, domperidone, anti-arrhythmics - see BNF or https://crediblemeds.org for further information)
- The patient is on high dose antipsychotic therapy (HDAT)
- The patient has factors which may predispose to arrhythmias including:
 - hypocalcaemia, • Electrolyte abnormalities _ hypokalaemia, hypomagnesaemia;
 - Systemic disease liver disease, renal disease, hypothyroidism.

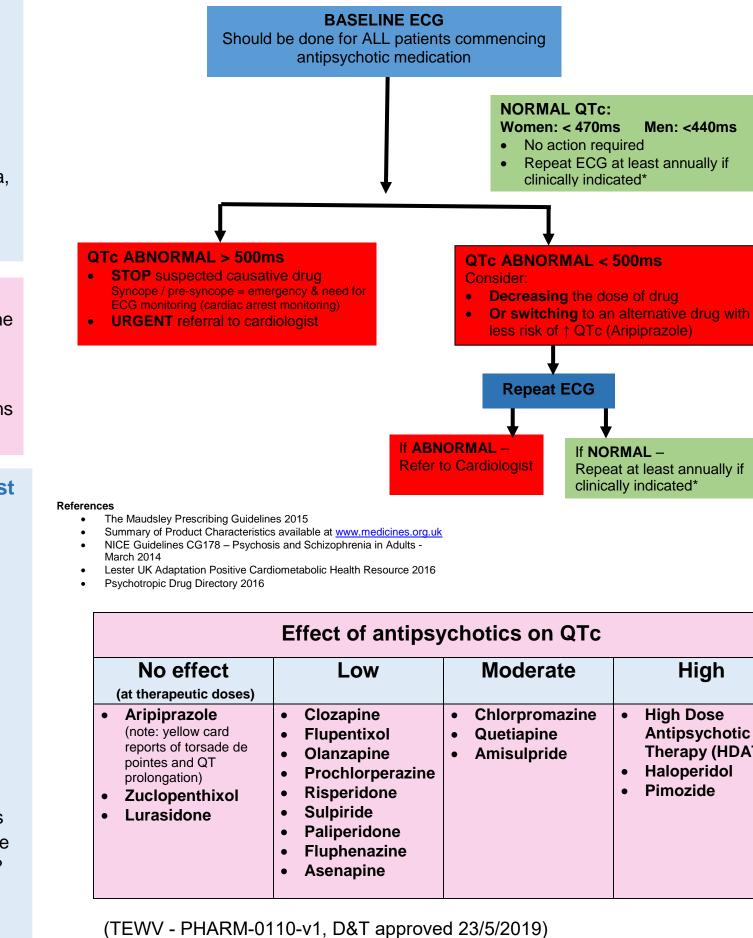
Notes for consideration:

- Stress/anxiety can affect an ECG & it may be necessary to manage the patient's anxiety and repeat the ECG
- Electrolyte imbalances may need correcting
- Consider the risks associated with switching antipsychotics •
- Patients should be warned to avoid other QTc prolonging medications (prescribed or over-the-counter types)

For specialist cardiology advice contact your local on call cardiologist It is recommended that you have the following information prior to seeking advice:

- 1. What medications have been prescribed for the patient's mental health condition?
- 2. What other medications is the patient taking (comprehensive list)?
- 3. Has the patient experienced any faintness, near collapse or collapse episodes?
- Is the patient known to have any cardiac history / conditions? 4.
- 5. What was the patient's heart rate and QTc (rate corrected QT-interval from the automatic report at the top of the tracing) before starting therapy?
- 6. What is the patient's latest heart rate and QTc measurement?
- 7. Biochemistry results (within last two weeks): sodium, potassium, urea, creatinine, eGFR [+ magnesium level if potassium (< 3.5mm/L]; FBC results
- Do you have alternative medication options open to you if the current regime 8. needs to be changed because of excessive prolongation in the QT-interval?

The cardiologist will need to have a copy of the relevant ECG(s) for the discussion



Tees, Esk and Wear Valleys **NHS Foundation Trust**







Antipsychotic Therapy (HDAT)